

American Studies: UNIT ONE STUDY GUIDE

1. The French and Indian War was significant because it was the _____ time England the colonies _____ together against a common enemy.
2. The Proclamation of 1763 upset the colonists because it made it _____ for them to move _____ of the _____ Mountains.
3. Most colonists earned their living by _____.
4. At first colonists _____ land from the Indians. Problems arose because the Indians didn't understand the concept of _____ the land.
5. Southern colonists began relying on _____ labor when they discovered they could make more _____ that way.
6. Almost everyone in the colonies was _____, some girls as young as _____. Men were considered _____ of the household and could even legally _____ their wives and children.
7. Most colonies allowed _____ to vote for members of the colonial _____.
8. Colonial assemblies made _____ but England kept control by giving the colony's English _____ power to _____ all laws.
9. Under mercantilism, England bought _____ materials from the colonies at a _____ price and sold _____ goods back to the colonies at a _____ price.
10. The MAIN cause of the Revolution was England's violation of colonial _____.
11. Select 3 examples of the main cause and **explain each** (See "...Colonial Unrest" handout):
 - a. _____

 - b. _____

 - c. _____

12. A society's "Power Pyramid" is the way they are _____ to get things done. Sometimes there's _____ person at the top, sometimes it's a _____.

13. The sloping sides of a "Power Pyramid" show that as you go up you have _____ people and _____ power.
14. Why were the colonists unhappy with the colonial government's "Power Pyramid"?

15. The booklet "_____ " was written by Thomas _____ and reinforced Patriot belief that the _____, not a _____ should rule a country.
16. Although it was a snowball fight that got out of control, the Boston Massacre was successfully used as _____ by protestors to stir up sympathy.
17. The American Revolution began with fighting at _____ and _____ in April of _____.
18. The main author of the Declaration of Independence was _____. Its two main purposes were to _____ our _____ against England and officially _____ ties.
19. The Declaration of Independence also includes the basis of our democracy ~ what we call the _____ (CDV's).
20. The Declaration of Independence was accepted on _____, _____.
21. Although the Patriots _____, the Battle of Bunker Hill convinced them they could _____ up to the British.
22. The Battle of Saratoga is called a turning point of the war because _____

23. Valley Forge is remembered because _____

24. The Battle of _____ was the last battle of the Revolutionary War.
25. Define the following:
- Propaganda: _____
- Boycott: _____
- Patriot: _____
- Moderate: _____
- Loyalist: _____